

# **SAMURAI**

fact sheet

Science of AGNs and Masers with Unprecedented Resolution in Astronomical Imaging

### Science

By making the highest resolution images in astronomy SAMURAI will:

- Determine how supermassive black holes generate ultra-relativistic jets
- Constrain the nature of dark energy by making the most accurate measurement of the Hubble constant



Artist's concept of the 'bigger than the Earth' telescope used by SAMURAI

# **Overview**

SAMURAI is a partner mission of opportunity with the Japanese-led VSOP-2 mission and consists of 3 basic elements:

- ISAS/JAXA-developed ASTRO-G space radio telescope
- JPL-developed science telemetry station [+2 others non-JPL]
- NRAO's radio telescopes (10-element VLBA, EVLA, GBT)

Working together these elements create a unique synthetic aperture several Earth diameters in size.

## ASTRO-G

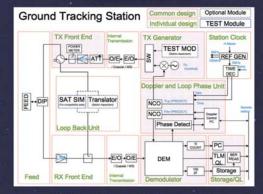
Next in series of ISAS/JAXA astronomy satellites

- 9.3 m diameter antenna
- Operates at 8, 22, and 43 GHz
- 1 Gbps science data rate
- 25,000 km apogee height
- 2012 launch



Model of ASTRO -G

# Science Telemetry Station (STS)



Common tracking station design

#### Common design already developed

- JPL STS to be located at Canberra
- Faster, better, cheaper solution
- 37.5 GHz downlink
- 40 GHz uplink (tone)

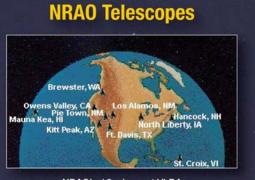
### **Science Team**

- Co-Is: US (12), Japan (5), Europe (3), Australia (1)
- Experts in both space and ground radio astronomy

### Management

#### SAMURAI

- PI: David Murphy, JPL
- Project management: JPL
- Ground radio telescope support: NRAO
- Host VSOP-2 mission (including ASTRO-G)
- ISAS/JAXA



NRAO's 10-element VLBA

NRAO's radio telescopes (VLBA, EVLA, and GBT) are ideally suited to being the ground elements of the SAMURAI space-ground interferometer

- Can observe at 8, 22, and 43 GHz
- Lager telescopes can be used for experiments which require more sensitivity



NRAO's GBT the world's largest steerable Radio telescope (105-m in diameter)

### **Schedule and Cost**

Mar 2008 – Sept 2008	\$0.2	М	
Jan 2009 – Sept 2009	\$2.3	М	
Oct 2009 – July 2012	\$9.8	М	
Aug 2012 – July 2015	\$13.7	Μ	
8 \$)	\$33.8	М	
	Jan 2009 – Sept 2009 Oct 2009 – July 2012 Aug 2012 – July 2015	Jan 2009 – Sept 2009 \$2.3 Oct 2009 – July 2012 \$9.8 Aug 2012 – July 2015 \$13.7	Mar 2008 – Sept 2008 \$0.2 M Jan 2009 – Sept 2009 \$2.3 M Oct 2009 – July 2012 \$9.8 M Aug 2012 – July 2015 \$13.7 M 8 \$) \$33.8 M

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